Trends in US Education and their Relationships to International Development in Education

Christopher J. Frey, Associate Professor Bowling Green State University, USA Visiting Faculty, Keiō University cjfrey@bgsu.edu

Donor Logics and National Interest

- What is donor logic?
 - Corporate logics: standardization, scalability
 - Political logics: influence, global standing, historical relationships
 - Pattern logics: best practices, transferability
- What is national interest?
 - Reflects domestic priorities: economic development, diasporic interests
 - Strategic political interests: energy, markets, geopolitical concerns
 - Moral and ethical interests: human rights, freedoms

Uncovering the **Deep Roots** of National Interest

- **US**: Freedom (Ethnic Self-Determination, Colonialism), Democracy, Economic and Market Opportunities, Global Stature
- CN: Stability, Domestic Non-Interference, Economic Development, Global Stature
- JP: Access to Natural Resources, Market Opportunities, Domestic Stability
- FR: Equality, "French Values", Global Stature
- UK: Merchantilism/Open Markets
- RU: Regional Stability, Global Stature

Exporting "generalizable values" > "national values"

How do these deep logics impact education development aid?

- <u>Language promotion</u>: US, UK, France, Japan, China, Germany
- Technology: US, UK
- <u>Training</u>: Singapore, Australia, Japan
- Curricular Reform: US, UK, multilateral organizations
- <u>Equipment</u>: Japan, Korea, China (emerging)
- Vocational Education: Germany, Denmark
- Many countries, and by extension, their NGOs and philanthopies, try to export what that country does "best" (Steiner-Khamsi, 2008)
- Thus, how these "best" things emerge and develop within a country may help us understand how they will be exported abroad later.

National Interest ≠ Donor Logic

- In the United States, private organizations, foundations, churches, donate over **six times** the development aid of the US government.
- Donor Logic may reflect domestic, private, religious and corporate interests
- Hard Power (compliance) and Soft Power (persuasion)
- Donor Logic also reflects the pattern logics within the donor country
 - Technology
 - Accountability
 - Gender

Technology in US Education

- Technology Integration into Classrooms
 - One computer per student / iPad Classrooms
 - Smart Boards
 - "Blizzard Bags"
 - Online Schools / Massive Online Open Courses (MOOCs)
- Technology Integration in Educational Administration
 - Online gradebooks
 - Predictive Analytics
- Technology Integration in Parental Relationships
 - Homework assignments
 - Parent-Teacher relationships
- Social Media:
 - Student activity / Cyberbullying
 - Teacher and School Activity

Tech: Some Critical Questions

Technology Integration into Classrooms

- One computer per student / iPad Classrooms
- Smart Boards
- Online Schools / Massive Online Open Courses (MOOCs)

Technology Integration in Educational Administration

- Online gradebooks
- Predictive Analytics/Early Interventions

Technology Integration in Parental Relationships

- Homework assignments
- Parent-Teacher relationships
- "Blizzard Bags"

Social Media:

- Student activity / Cyberbullying
- Teacher and School Activity

Technology Integration into Classrooms

- Go to internet for "information" and "the answers" need for critical (media) literacy
- Technology as Entertainment, Distraction
- Technology "Middle Men", "Mediation"

Technology Integration in Educational Administration

- Improved student access to assessments
- Deterministic approaches?

Technology Integration in Parental Relationships

 Assumes that all parents/families can access interent, have hardware

Social Media:

- Cyberbullying (Twitter, YikYak)
- Teacher's Status in Community?

Accountability in US Education

- Accountability originates in Taxpayer Revolts and Post-Civil Rights "Dog Whistle" Politics (1970s); Neoliberalism (1980s), and Post-Cold War Politics (1990s)
- Strongly driven by anti-union, anti-professional approach to teaching
 - Charter Schools, Teacher/Faculty as Professional vs. Employee
- Impact of Comparative and International Assessments:
 - Case of Arkansas and Governor Clinton (1980s)
 - PISA Shocks Global Competition
 - Common Core: Toward a National Curriculum (Sciences vs. Humanities ERfKE example)
- From student to teacher accountability: Obama's *Race to the Top* (2009)
 - Community and Parent Accountability: "Cultures of Study"
- The faces of Accountability:
 - Mayoral Takeovers of Urban Districts (NY, Chicago, Detroit have no school boards)
 - Rapid Expansion in State-wide testing
 - (Mis)Use of Testing Data: "Data-Driven"

Critical Reflections on Accountability

- "Data" not value-free; the questions that generate data are valueladen, thus we must ask not just "what do the data tell us", but "what and how do the data ask?"
- Testing regimes are driven by corporate interests: \$\$\$\$\$
- Built on notions of competition, rankings
- Interest Convergence Theory (Bell, 1980): policies negatively impacting poor and minority will only change when those in power see it in their interest to change
 - Race-based preferences vs. "Holistic Approaches"
 - Middle Class Parents revolt in Seattle, NY State (2013-14)
- Anti-democratic and Seeing Like a State

Gender / Sex / SOGI-LGBT

- Girls' and Women's Education and Access
 - Primary education 1840s
 - Higher Education elite schools were not co-educational until the 1970s (Title IX)
- Feminization of the Teaching Force, and its Status
- Male and Female Performance in Sciences v. Humanities
- Gender Gaps in Pay, "Glass Ceiling"
- More women graduate from college than men; male students more likely to dropout and be suspended
- Emerging Issues:
 - SOGI-LGBT issues / bullying
 - Sexual Assault at Universities

Emerging Issues

- SOGI (Sexual Orientation/Gender Identity) Representation in Schools
 - Curricular:
 - California History Curriculum / "Humanities Wars"
 - Sex Education
 - Teacher Training and Employment Rights
 - Student Organizations: Gay-Straight Alliances
 - Bullying and School Safety
- Sexual Assault / Women's Safety
 - Nearly ¼ of women report being sexually assaulted by the age of 25
 - Campus Reporting of Crime required by US Government
 - Campus Adminstrators often handle complaints, do not contact police

Critical Issues with Gender/Sex/SOGI

- Sexual assault issues are not considered problems, no legal ramifications; victim blaming very prevalent globally;
- 2012 Effort by USAID to create aid contingency around LGBT rights backfired – it put very negative attention on LGBT rights activists
- Strong cultural, religious objections in some parts of the world to LGBT rights
- Republican administrations are very unlikely to support LGBT until it can be seen in the 'national interest' (HIV/AIDS)

Donor Logics and US Expansionism

- The universalist and colonial foundations of American identity makes it particularly prone to the logic of expansionism.
- The rich nature of US civil society, coupled with a universalist identity, and domestic resources from interested parties, helps explain how national concerns become international over time
- Failed attempts in social policy can export themselves
- US Government promotion of policies and practices in education respond to domestic concerns:
 - Economic
 - Strategic/Military
 - Moral/Socio-Political

Critical Reflections on the Export of Educational Ideas

Technology:

- Heavily driven by corporate interests (Microsoft, Cisco, Apple)
- Hardware mentality vs. Developmental approach in Education

Accountability

- Conceptual challenges with reciprocity: does society give, or give back?
- Increasingly intrusive into classroom practices, challenging teach

Gender/LGBT

- Resistant cultural patterns in some countries
- Cultural critiques suggestive of past colonial rule

Thank you, Professor Yamada!

Questions and Comments?

Christopher Frey cjfrey@bgsu.edu